Overall view of the LIFE NanoMONITOR project





Carlos Fito López. Project Coordinator R+D Area. Nanosafety Research group - ITENE cfito@itene.com

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NanoMONITOR – 1st Stakeholder's Day









- 1 CONCEPT AND OBJECTIVES
- OVERALL VIEW OF THE WORKPLAN AND EXPECTED OUTCOMES
- 3 PROGRESS SO FAR AND MAIN RESULTS
- 4 SUMMARY CONCLUSION



NanoMONITOR – Stakeholder's Day





1. Concept and Objectives



NanoMONITOR – Stakeholder's Day





1. Concept and Objectives



Objectives

LIFE NanoMONITOR tackles the challenge of supporting the monitoring of the concentration of ENMs in indoor workplaces and environment upon release, considering that:

- Whilst a growing number of ENMs are already available on the market, there is still an on-going debate about their potential effects on human health and the environment.
- 1 The use, production and disposal of ENMs raise concerns about their environmental impact at all stages of the value chain, considering that nanostructured materials can be released to the air, soil or water in common industrial processes and/or accidental events, and ultimately accumulate in the soil, water or biota, endangering the health of living organisms and ecosystems.
- 1 The likelihood of unintended release during production, use, and end-of-life treatments of ENMs will tend to increase in the near term, being necessary to define proven methodologies and procedures to characterize current levels of exposure in indoor workplaces and the environment.





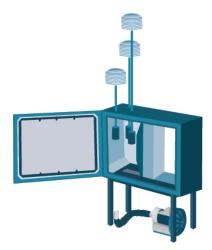
1. Concept and Objectives



Objectives

- The overall aim of the project is to develop a real-time information and monitoring system as a key innovative tool for the risk assessment of nanomaterials on a regulatory basis, in particular, REACH regulation
- The system is based on the development of an online data analysis tool for collecting and archiving data on the environmental concentration of ENMs, coupled with a newly developed prototype and low cost nano-pollution monitoring system able to continuously measure key airborne nano-pollutants.

By developing these tools, NanoMONITOR supports the risk assessment of nanomaterials under the REACH regulation and promotes the use of measured data to meet information requirements laid down on REACH for human and environmental risk characterization: exposure data and predicted environmental concentration levels (PEC).







1. Concept and Objectives

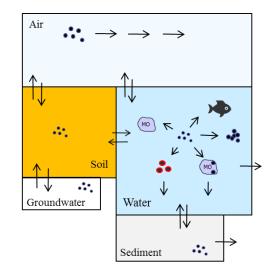


Objectives

Taking into account that REACH was adopted to improve the protection of human health and the environment, and considering the LIFE+ priority areas, the specific objectives outlined in the proposal are:

- New low cost monitoring station prototype for the measure of indoor and outdoor concentrations of ENMs
- ① To develop a software application to store, exchange and manage data on the concentration of ENMs.
- To design and develop standardized sampling and data analysis procedures to ensure the quality, comparability and reliability of the monitoring data used for risk assessment
- To implement and validate the NanoMONITOR integrated systems in case studies
- Use Support the calculation of the predicted environmental concentration (PEC) of ENMs in the context of REACH
- Transfer and disseminate the project results to a large community of SMEs and potential stakeholders





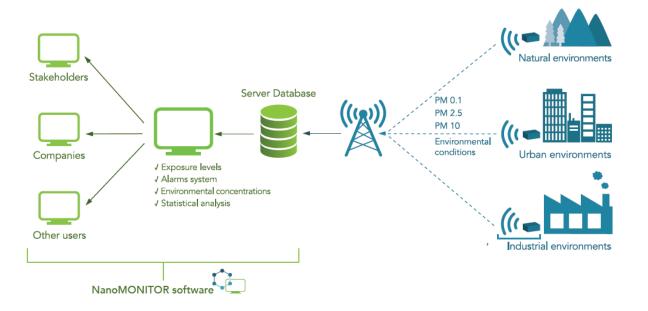


1. Concept and Objectives



Concept

 The concept of the project stems from the need of generating robust, accessible, comparable and interoperable environmental and indoor air monitoring data to support the implementation of REACH regulation.







1. Concept and Objectives



☐ Key objectives in 2017

Taking into account our scheduled calendar of activities and progress so far, our key objectives in 2017 are:

- Delivery of up to 5 fully operative monitoring stations in 2017
- Installation of 2 monitoring stations in urban environments (high traffic areas + subway)
- Delivery of the first version of the NanoMONITOR software platform in September 2017
- Installation of 2 monitoring stations in industrial facilities covering relevant processes in the ENM life cycle by October 2017
- Satellite station to be use by stakeholders upon request available in winter 2017
- Disseminate the project to stakeholders: NanoMONITOR1st conference in Lancaster (UK) in autumn 2017
- Gain awareness thorugh the resence in relevant disseminations events in Europe.







1. Concept and Objectives



□ Consortium and main roles

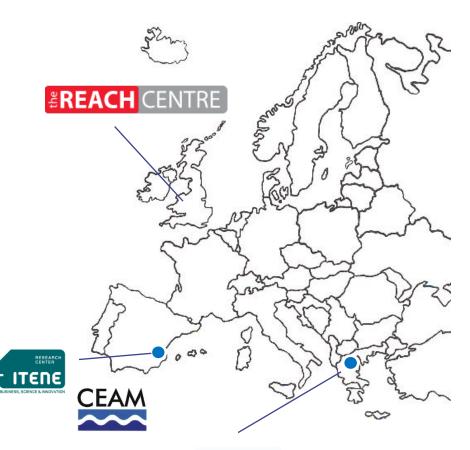
The consortium of the project consists of 4 organizations representing 3 main areas: Spain, Greece and UK.

Coordinating Beneficiary

Instituto tecnológico del embalaje, transporte y Logística (ITENE)

Associated Beneficiaries:

- Fundación centro de estudios ambientales del mediterráneo (CEAM) -Spain
- The REACH Centre Ltd (TRC) Uk
- AXON Enviro-Group Ltd (AXON) Greece







2. Overall view of the workplan and expected outcomes



NanoMONITOR – Stakeholder's Day





2. Overall view of the workplan and expected outcomes

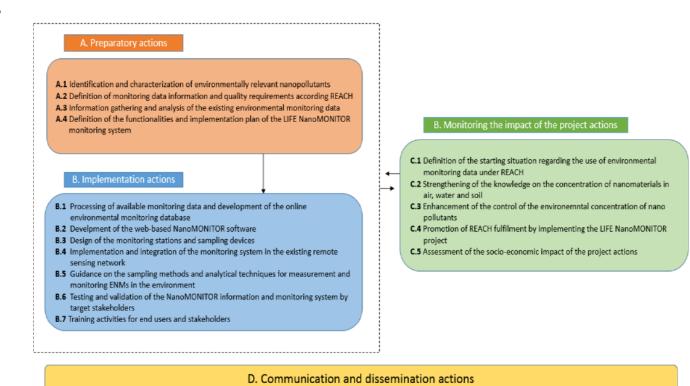


Scheduled activities

NanoMONITOR consists of 5 complementary actions, including:

- A. Preparatory actions
- B. Implementation
- C. Monitoring
- D. Communication
- E. Management





E. Project management and monitoring



2. Overall view of the workplan and expected outcomes



□ A. Preparatory Actions

These actions focus on the selection of environmentally relevant ENMs, the information and data quality requirements according REACH and the geographical coverage and sampling locations and frequency.

Action Nº	Action Title	Partner id
A.1.	Identification and characterization of environmentally relevant nano-pollutants	ITENE
A.2	Definition of monitoring data information and quality requirements according REACH	ITENE
A.3	Information gathering and analysis of the existing environmental monitoring data	CEAM
A.4.	Definition of the functionalities and implementation plan of the LIFE NanoMONITOR monitoring system	AXON

Main outcomes are:

- P1. Quality criteria to use measured data under REACH and relevant monitoring programs
- P2. Detailed procedures to determine the validity of measured data
- P3. Procedures to determine the validity of measured data
- P4. Inventory of data on the concentration of ENMs in industrial, urban and environmental compartments





			PNC	(particles	s/cm³)
Location	Country	Year †	Max	Min	Mean
Toronto	Canada	2006 - 2011	36800	11400	
Huelva	Spain	2008 - 2009			
Barcelona	Spain	2009	29449	6140	16847
Lugano	Switzerland	2009	47562	2751	14945
North Kensington	UK	2009	27295	795	12134
Bern	Switzerland	2009	93078	8888	28032
Marylebone	UK	2009	58017	4753	22156
Huelva	Spain	2009	67949	1091	17918
Sta. Cruz de Tenerif	Spain	2009	26249	1076	12008
Durham (NC)	US	2008			
Augsburg	Germany	2004 - 2006	24122	5387	
Milan	Italy	2009	117600	13500	
Mol	Belgium	2007			



2. Overall view of the workplan and expected outcomes



■ B. Implementation Actions

The implementation actions will focus on the development of the real-time information and monitoring system including the development of the web-based application and the design and implementation of the autonomous monitoring station prototype.

Action Nº	WP Title	Partner id
B.1.	Development of a web based library of exposure scenarios and measured data on the exposure and release of ENMs	ITENE
B.2	Development of the web-based NanoMONITOR software application	AXON
B.3	Design of the monitoring stations and measurement devices	ITENE
B.4.	Implementation and integration of the monitoring system in the existing air quality monitoring network	CEAM
B.5.	Sampling methods and analytical techniques for the measurement and monitoring of ENMs in the environment	ITEBE
B.6.	Testing and validation of the NanoMONITOR information and monitoring system by target stakeholders	ITENE
B.7.	Training activities for end users and stakeholders	TRC

Main outcomes are:

- P1. On-line database of exposure scenarios
- P2. NanoMONITOR Software Platform
- P3. Up to 5 NanoMONITOR monitoring stations
- P4. Publication of a list of 10 well defined and standardised protocols for collecting and sampling ENMs for risk assessment purposes
- P5. New interactive guidance on the sampling methods and analytical techniques for the measurement and monitoring of ENMs in the environment





2. Overall view of the workplan and expected outcomes







A Real-time Information and Monitoring System.

Technical Details on the Monitoring Station:



Detection of particles ranging in size from 10 to about 700 nm



Geolocated real-time information on ENM concentrations



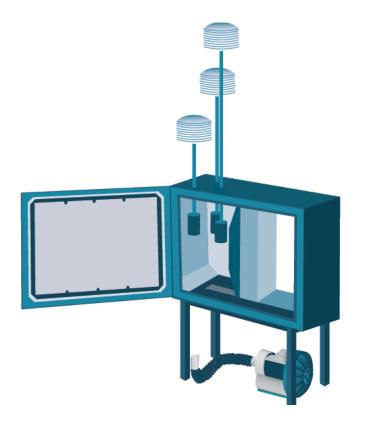
Integrated plug and play solution designed for long term sampling and monitoring ENM concentrations



Remotely configurable settings, readings and transmission periods



Minimum maintenance requirements





2. Overall view of the workplan and expected outcomes





igcup. Software application to store, exchange and manage data on the concentration of ENMs



Multiple exporting data formats



Real-time multiparametric graphical information



Easy data management options, including data storage, comparative analysis and modelling

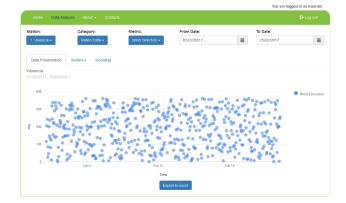


High resolution maps



Access from smartphones and tablets







2. Overall view of the workplan and expected outcomes



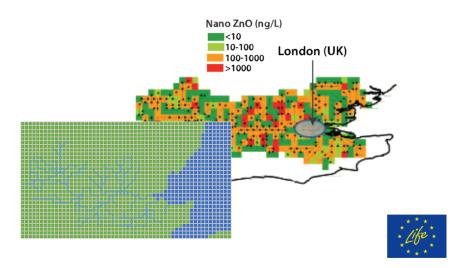
□ C. Monitoring Actions

These actions are focused on the evaluation of the enhancement of knowledge on the concentration of ENMs in indoor and outdoor areas as a result of the activities conducted within the project, and the analysis of the impact of the project in REACH implementation.

Action Nº	WP Title	Partner id
C.1.	Definition of the starting situation regarding the use of environmental monitoring data under REACH	ITENE
C.2.	Strengthening of the knowledge database on the concentration of NMs in air, water and soil	TRC
C.3.	Promotion of the use of exposure/environmental monitoring data in the protection of human health and the environment	CEAM
C.4.	Promotion of REACH fulfilment by implementing the LIFE NanoMONITOR project	ITENE
C.5.	Assessment of the socio-economic impact of the project actions	ITENE

Main outcomes are:

- P1. Continuously updated Inventory of current information of ENMs in indoor/outdoor environments
- P2. Database with data to be used for regulatory risk assessment: PEC values + exposure levels
- P3. Action plan to promote REACH implementation
- P4. Report on the socioeconomic impact of the project



2. Overall view of the workplan and expected outcomes

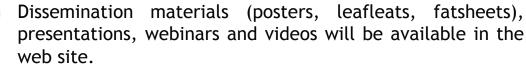


D. Dissemination Actions

A number of dissemination activities will be conducted during the project execution period and during 3 years after the end date.

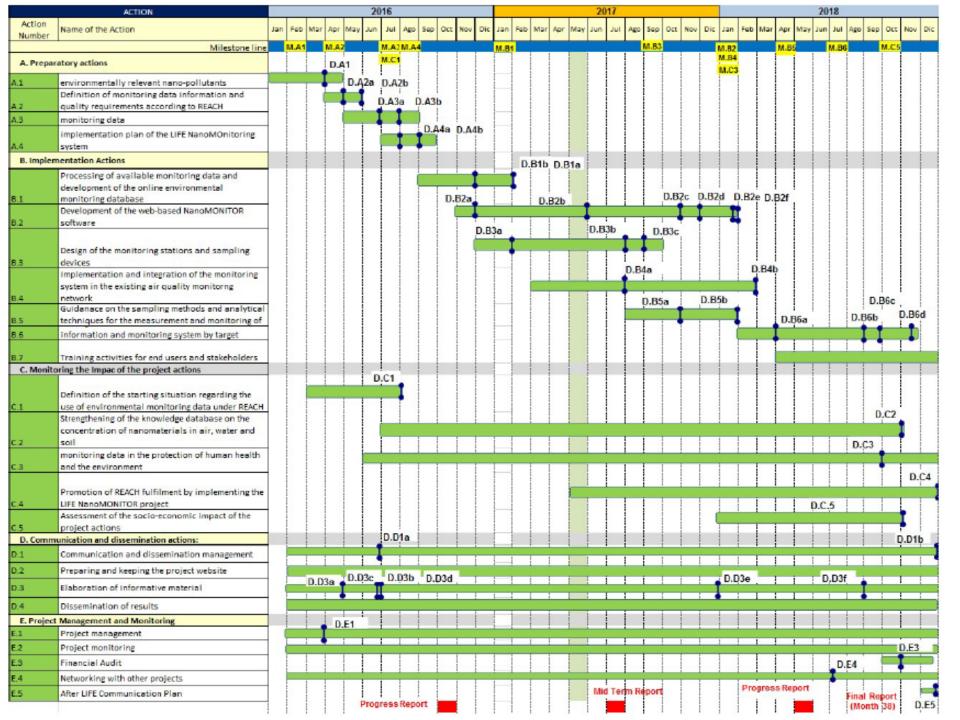
Scheduled actions include:

- Join Workshop on exposure assessment strategies. Madrid, May 2017
- NanoMONITOR international conference. Lancaster (UK), October 2017
- Join Workshop in risk assessment tools and models for decision making. Madrid, March 2018
- NanoMONITOR conference in Greece in Spring/ Summer 2018
- NanoMONITOR final conference in Valencia in Autumm 2018
- Webinars on exposure monitoring and sampling methodologies. June 2018









3. Progress so far and main results



NanoMONITOR - Six-monthly Meeting





3. Progress so far and main results



Overall progress

Selection of the most relevant ENMs in the context of REACH

		Expositio	n (50%)				Hazard (50%)									
	Production (47,5%)	Uses (REACH De	scription) (2.5%)		Toxi	city (25				Ecoto	oxicity (25%)		
Nanoparticle		SU (0.6%)	PC (0.6%)	PROC (0.6%)	AC (0.6%)	inh (5%)	der (5%)	oral (5%)	geno t.(5 %)	citot. (5%)	daphnia (5%)	alga (5%)	fish (5%)	worms (5%)	BAF5 %)	Total Score
SWCNTs	4,75	0,01157	0,00457	0,00551	0,00321	0	0,4	0,2	0	0	0,4	0,2	0	0,4	0,4	6,8
MWCNTs	4,75	0,01157	0,00457	0,00551	0,00321	0,4	0	0	0	0	0	0,4	0	0,4	0,4	6,4
Ag	2,375	0,01157	0,00457	0,00000	0,00641	0,4	0,4	0	0	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	5,6
TiO ₂	4,75	0,02778	0,01372	0,02610	0,00481	0,2	0,4	0,2	0	0	0	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	7,2
ZnO	2,375	0,01389	0,00610	0,01103	0,00160	0,4	0,4	0,2	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	6,2
CeO ₂	2,375	0,01157	0,00610	0,01287	0,00160	0,4	0,4	0	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0,4	0,4	5,6
SiO ₂	4,75	0,05556	0,03659	0,03860	0,00962	0	0	0	0	0	0,2	0	0	0,4	0,4	5,9
Graphene	2,375	0,00231	0,00000	0,00000	0,00160	0,4	0,4	0	0	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0,4	5,2
Graphite	0,475	0,01157	0,00457	0,00551	0,00321	0	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0,4	3,7
Fullenere	0,475	0,00000	0,00457	0,00000	0,00160	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0,4	0,4	4,1
Fe ₃ O ₄	4,75	0,01389	0,00000	0,00000	0,00000	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	8,8
Fe ₂ O ₃	4,75	0,01620	0,00457	0,01287	0,00481	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0,4	0,4	8,4
CaCO₃	4,75	0,02315	0,00762	0,01691	0,00641	0,4	0	0	0	0	0,2	0,2	0	0,4	0,4	6,4
CuO	0,475	0,00000	0,00000	0,00000	0,00160	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0	0,4	3,7
Sr0	0,475	0,00000	0,00000	0,00000	0,00000	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	4,5
SnO ₂	0,475	0,00231	0,00000	0,00000	0,00160	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	4,5
MgO	0,475	0,00694	0,00000	0,00000	0,00000	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0,4	0,4	4,1
ZrO ₂	0,475	0,00463	0,00000	0,00000	0,00000	0,4	0,4	0,2	0	0	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	3,5
Cu	2,375	0,00000	0,00000	0,00000	0,00000	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0,4	0,4	0,2	0,4	0,4	5,8
Au	0,475	0,00231	0,00000	0,00000	0,00000	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0,4	0	0,4	0	0,4	0,4	3,3
Ni	0,475	0,00000	0,00000	0,00000	0,00000	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0,4	0,4	4,1
Co	0,475	0,00231	0,00457	0,00368	0,00000	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	4,5
Cd-Se QDs	0,475	0,00463	0,00152	0,00000	0,00000	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	4,1
Al ₂ O ₃	4,75	0,02546	0,01067	0,02206	0,00321	0,4	0,4	0	0	0	0	0,2	0	0	0,4	6,2
Cellulose	4,75	0,00926	0,00305	0,00000	0,00321	0,4	0,4	0,4	0	0	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	8,0

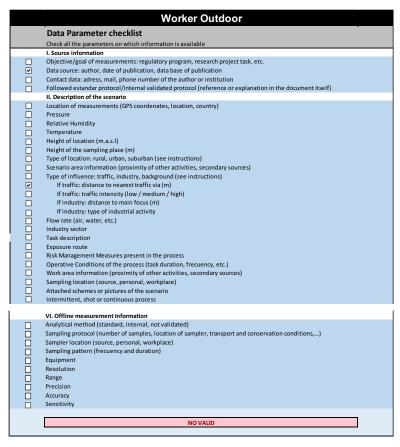
3. Progress so far and main results



Overall progress

Excel based tool to analyze if a certain data satisfy the requirements to be used for risk assessment purposes under the context of REACH and relevant monitoring programs





Select All



RESET

3. Progress so far and main results



Overall progress

Inventory of the concentration of ENMs in relevant environmental matrices and indoor workplaces



ES	CES	Background	Surface (μm²/cm³)	Mass (mg/m³)	Number (#/cm³)	Ratio
Production of carbonaceous materials		34694 (N)			105856	3.1
Production of carbonaceous materials		34694 (N)			63130	1.8
Production of carbonaceous materials		57000 (N)		81000		1.4
Production of carbonaceous materials		57000 (N)		85000		1.5
	Separation	19000 (N)			43000	2.3
Separation and packaging of Al ₂ O ₃	Packaging	19000 (N)			34000	1.8
	Transportation	19000 (N)			56000	2.9
	Separation	50 (M)		200		4
Separation and packaging of Al ₂ O ₃	Packaging	50 (M)		460		9.2
	Transportation	50 (M)		510		10.2
	Separation	18 (M)	77			4.3
Separation and packaging of Al ₂ O ₃	Packaging	18 (M)	57			3.2
	Transportation	18 (M)	93			5.1
Draduction of MANCAIT	Production	2900 (N)	8.8	0.026	30700	10.6
Production of MWCNT	Harvesting	30700 (N)	24.7	0.032	31800	1.0
Harvesting of DWCNT		2900 (N)	33.5	0.032	31800	10.9

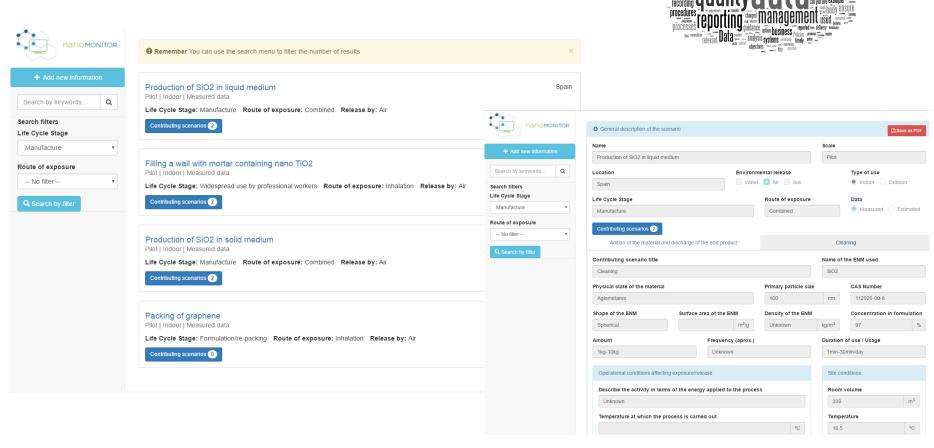


3. Progress so far and main results



Overall progress

On line library of exposure scenarios





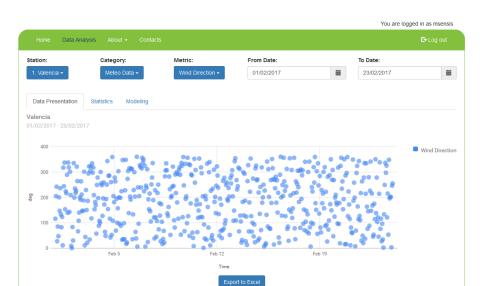
3. Progress so far and main results



Overall progress

- Nano Monitor Portal created:
 - Pages
 - **Databases**
 - Import of data from sources
 - Presentation of data
 - Export of presented data
 - Statistic models
 - User roles
- Administrator Portal created
 - Administration of user and roles
 - Administration of stations
 - Administration of metrics







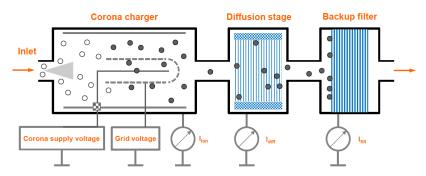
3. Progress so far and main results

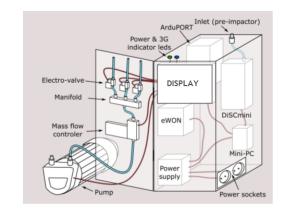


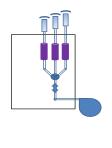
Overall progress

- NanoMONITOR monitoring station in progress
 - Detection of particles ranging in size from 10 to about 700 nm
 - Geolocated real-time information on ENMs concentrations
 - Integrated plug and play solution designed for long term sampling and monitoring ENMs concentration
 - Remotely configurable settings, readings and transmission periods
 - Minimum maintenance requirements.











3. Progress so far and main results



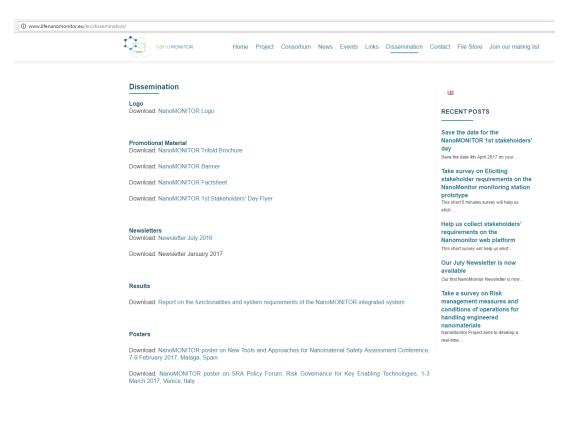
Inventory of published data on ENMs concentration in the environment

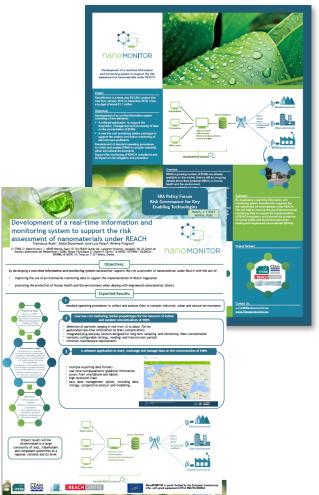
Place / geolocation	Biblio	ography	Nanomaterial	Compartment	PEC	Unit	Range	
	Titol	Authors	year					
					Air	1.5 × 10	-3 μg m-3	
				TiO ₂	Water	0.7	μg L-1	
					Soil	0.4	μg kg-1	
	Exposure Modeling of Engineered Nanoparticles				Air	1.7×10	-3 μg m-3	
Switzerland	in the Environment	Nicole C. Muller and Bernd Nowack	2008	Ag	Water	0.03	μg L-1	
	iii tiid Eillii diiiidiii				Soil	0.02	μg kg-1	
					Air	1.5×10		
				CNT	Water	0.0005	μg L-1	
					Soil	0.01	μg kg-1	
Switzerland	A dynamic probabilistic material flow modeling method	Nikolaus A. Bornh€oft, Tian Yin Sun, Lorenz M. Hilty, Bernd Nowack	2016	CNT	Soil	74	ng/kg	
		Indrani Mahapatra, Tian Yin Sun, Julian R. A. Clark, Peter J. Dobson,			Surface water		₄₄₀ pg/L	210-730
	Probabilistic modelling of prospective environmental concentrations of gold nanoparticles from medical applications as a basis for risk assessment				STP sludge		470 μg/kg	94-150
					Sludge treated soil		o 300 ng/kg∙ ye	
UK		Konrad Hungerbuehler,	2015	Gold	oluuge ti cutcu son		500g,g	
		Richard Owen, Bernd NowackEmail authorView ORCID ID profile and Jamie Lead						
					Sediment			
					ocument.			
							290 ng/kg∙ ye	ars 130-450
		Boxall, A; Chaudhry, Q; Sinclair, C;			Soil	<0.01	mg/kg	
	Current and future predicted environmental	Jones, A; Aitken, R; Jefferson, B;	2007	CeO ₂	Motor			
UK	exposure to engineered nanoparticles	Watts, C			Water	<1	ng/l	
				Al ₂ O ₃	Water	0.002	μg /L	
				A12O3	Soil	0.01	μg/kg	
				CeO	Water	<0.0001	μg /L	
				CeO	Soil	0.01	μg/kg	
				Fullerenes	Water	0.31	μg /L	
				rullerelles	Soil		l4,7 μg/kg	
	Fate of Manufactured Nanomaterials in the			Au	Water	0.14	μg /L	
UK	Australian Environment	G.E. Batley and M.J. McLaughlin	2010	Au	Soil	2	20,4 μg/kg	
	Australian Livil Onlinent			Λα	Water	(),01 μg /L	
				Ag	Soil	1.45	μg/kg	
				TiO ₂	Water	24.5	μg /L	
				1102	Soil	1	030 μg/kg	
				ZnO	Water		76 μg /L	
				ZIIU	Soil	3	190 μg/kg	
				SiO ₂	Water	0.0007	μg /L	

3. Progress so far and main results



- Publishable reports in the project web site
- Dissemination materials





4. Summary conclusion



NanoMONITOR - Six-monthly Meeting





4. Summary conclusions

- nanomonitor
- NanoMONITOR develops an innovative system to monitor the concentration of ENMs in indoor workplaces and the environment.
- NanoMONITOR will increase the current knowledge on the concentration of ENMs in both indoor workplaces and the environment
- A set of tool to support REACH implementation will available before summer 2017, including a complete library of common exposure scenarios, an inventory of data on the concentration of ENMs in relevant areas to support PEC calculation and the NanoMONITOR software platform as such.
- Interaction with stakeholders is mandatory to validate the operation of the nanomonitor software and transfer results to regulatory bodies and companies.
- An open form to request / book a satellite monitoring station to be open in October 2017.
- Agreement on methods and protocols for exposure assessment and ENMs detection / characterization in indoor workplaces and environmental matrices on prime importance for regulatory risk assessment.



















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