





Nanomonitor Web Portal Dr. Athena Progiou AXON Enviro-Group Ltd.





The Concept

The NanoMONITOR web portal has two specific objectives:

- 1. To store, manage and elaborate data
- 2. To disseminate knowledge to the scientific community, the stakeholders and the general public.

url: http://185.23.121.71/nanomonitor/index.php

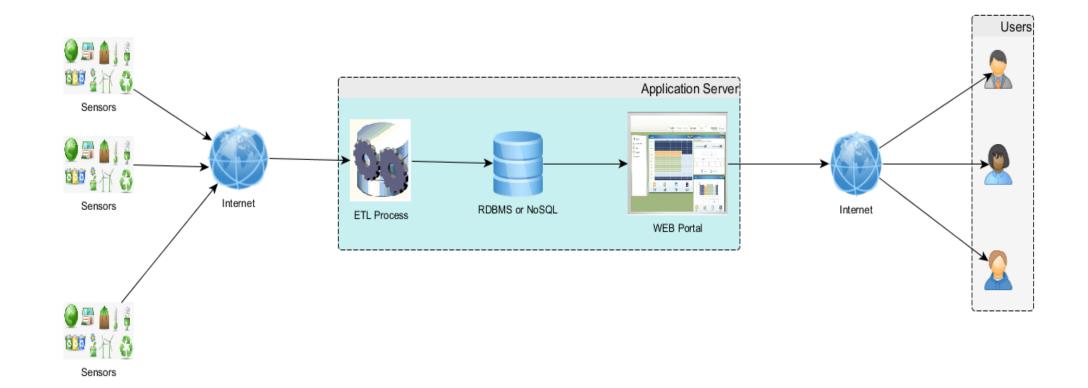






Nanomonitor Web Portal - System Architectur

A high level diagram of the solution in relation to the external entities







Functionality of the Open Platform [1]

- Accessible over the Web and user friendly
- With pluggable computational modules
- Making use of processed data from various environmental sensors
- Not limited, scalable and expandable.







Functionality of the Open Platform [1]

- Internet access with password for scientists, and/or authorised users
- Auto-storing function to avoid loss of data
- Availability of versions for PCs, tablets and mobile devices
- Use of alerts when improving the software features
- Data downloadable in excel sheets
- Ensure cooperation with main browsers







Data sources

- ☐ There are two methods to receive sensor data.
- Both methods push data TO the data repository server.

Method 1: Real time (MAIN)

☐ JSON data are pushed from each sensor to the server for processing

Method 2: Off-line mode

☐ CSV data are pushed to the server by an operator (an anomonitor authenticated user).



User types (

General Public

No registration, access to general data, no access to statistical elaboration.

Stakeholders

Access to all data and to the statistical tools.

Data providers / Partners / Scientists

Access to all data and to the statistical tools.



Administrator





Input data file

According to the available specs every 10 secs a new record will be created from each sensor, thus, for every time instance t_i , the following values will be available in the DB.

- Station ID
- Date, Time
- Temperature (ambient) T
- Pressure
- · Wind Speed, Wind Direction
- PN (number of particles) and Concentration C_A
- Diameter \overline{d} (the monitoring station measures, for every time instance, the average diameter of the particles detected.)
- PM, PM10, PM2.5, O_3 , CO, SO_2 , NO_X



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Data Analysis [1]

- ✓ Trends
- ✓ Max values (MAX)
- ✓ Min values (MIN)
- ✓ Average value $(A\overline{VG})$
- ✓ Percentile (*P*)

- ✓ Variance (*VAR*)
- ✓ Standard deviation (s)
- ✓ Correlation (r)
- ✓ Covariance (*COV*)
- √ Forecast (F)











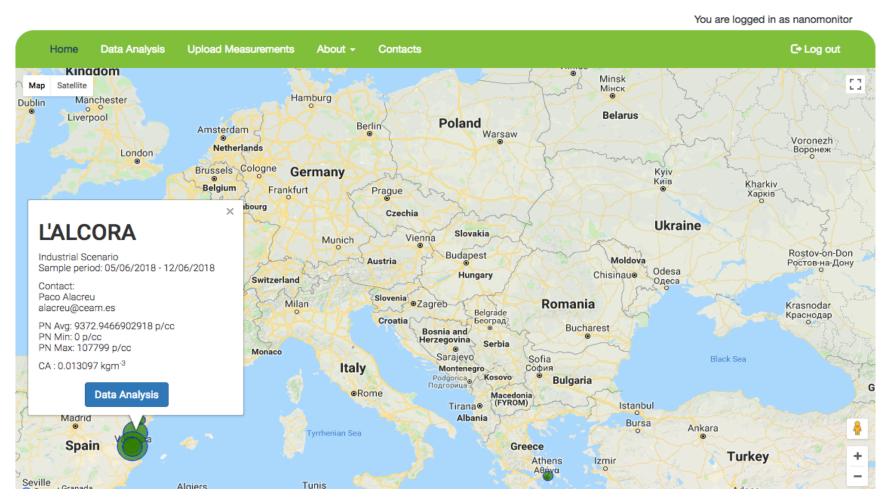








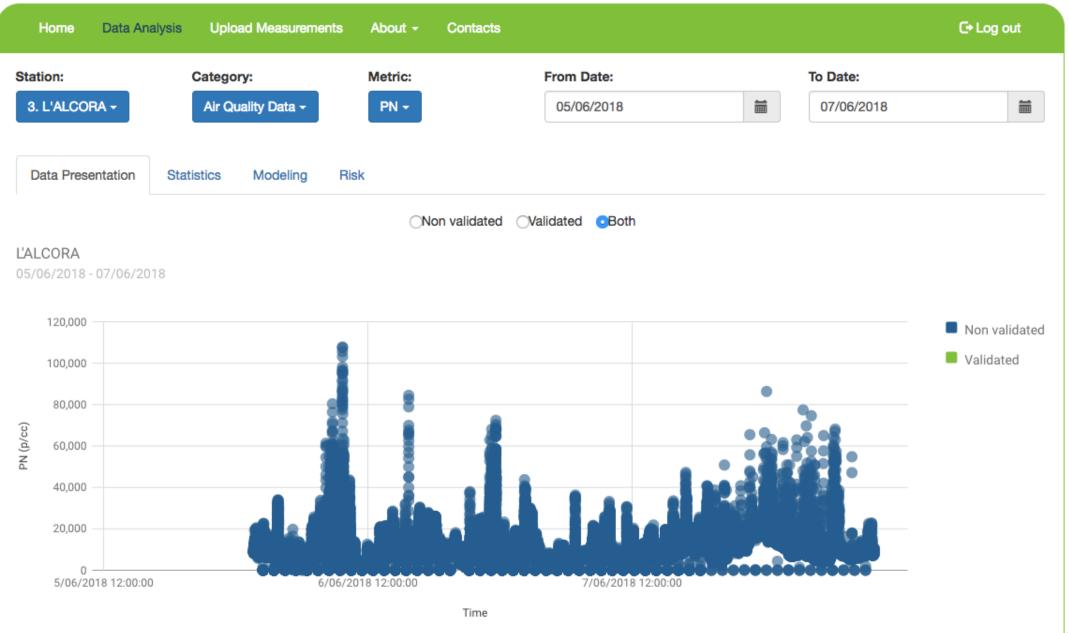






185.23.121.71/nanomonitor/data_analysis.php?station=3#

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Station:	Category:	Metric:	From Date:	To Date:	
3. L'ALCORA +	Air Quality Data -	Choose Metric -			
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		Diameter			
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		PM10			
		PM2.5			
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This project is ENV/ES/0006	s part funded by the European Commission Life 62	e+ with grant agreement LIFE14		· ITENE	CEAM REACH CENTRE

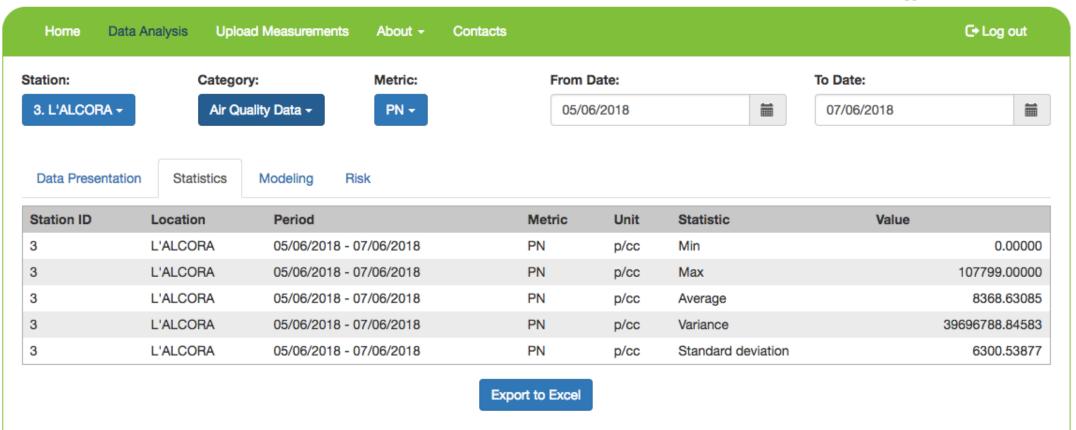


Export to Excel

13



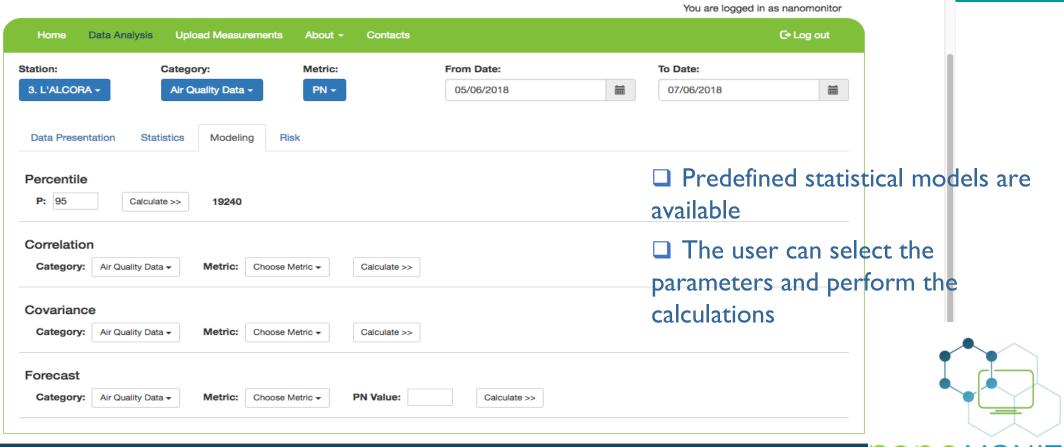
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Data Analysis [2]





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NanoMONITOR- 4th Stakeholders' Day

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Data Analysis [3]

Predicted Environmental Concentrations in air, water and soil

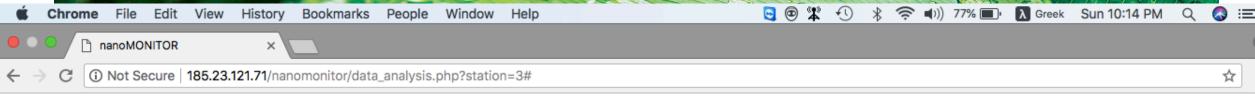
$$\mathsf{PEC}_A = \overline{C_A} = rac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n C_A(t_i)$$

$$\mathsf{PEC}_W = \overline{C_W} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n C_W(t_i)$$

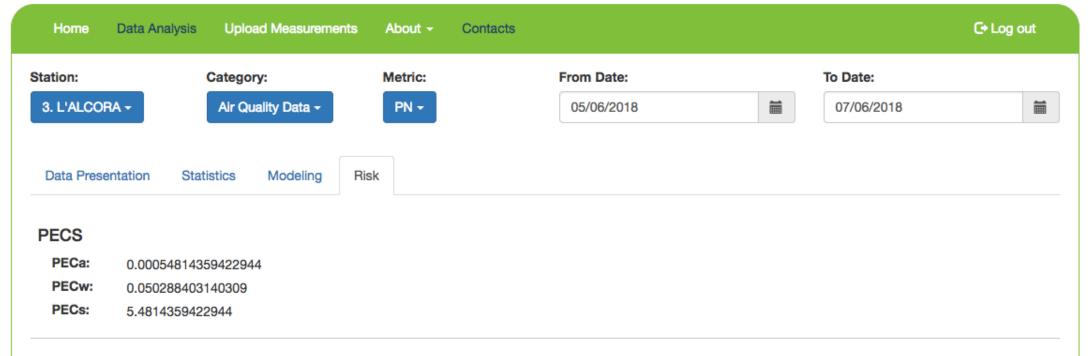
$$\mathsf{PEC}_S = \overline{C_S} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n C_S(t_i)$$

NanoMONITOR- 4th Stakeholders' Day





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Thank you for your attention!



NanoMONITOR- 4nd Stakeholders' Day

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